

New Jersey Agricultural Experiment Station

Veggie Basics: Harvesting and End of Season Tasks

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Cooperative Extension of Mercer County



mercer.njaes.rutgers.edu/

4-H Youth Development

Family and Community Health Sciences

Agriculture and Natural Resources



New Jersey Agricultural Experiment Station

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A

Home, Lawn, and Garden



njaes.rutgers.edu/home-lawn-garden/



Our frost-free season is ending!

Trenton, NJ

- April 26 **October 14** (32°F)
- April 12 **October 25** (28°F)
- March 31 **November 10** (24°F)



Johnny's Selected Seeds



weatherobs.rutgers.edu

Weather Observations at Rutgers Gardens





RU WX

DEP OF ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES

OFFICE OF THE NJ CLIMATOLOGIST

GEOGRAPHY DEP



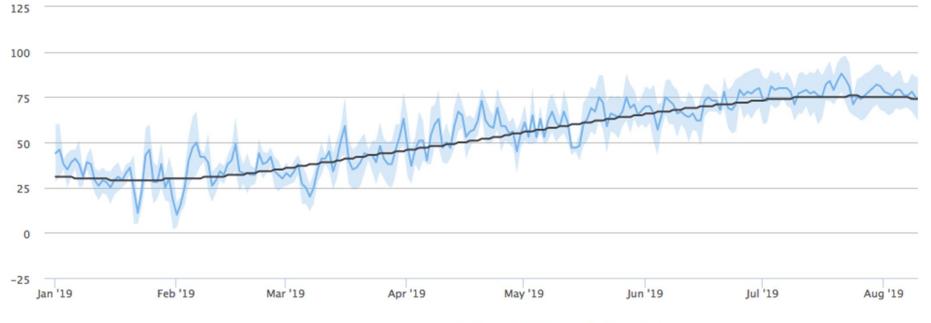
Select Monthly Report:

January 😊 2019

View Monthly Report

Click here to see the decadal trend!

2019 Temperatures as Compared to Climatology (Zoommable)



- Pull unproductive, diseased, or damaged crops
- Plant hardy, fast-growing crops for fall harvest
- Harvest late summer crops
- Establish cover crops
- Care for your soil



Johnny's Selected Seeds



apps.extension.umn.edu

Remove crops that are diseased, damaged, or no longer producing



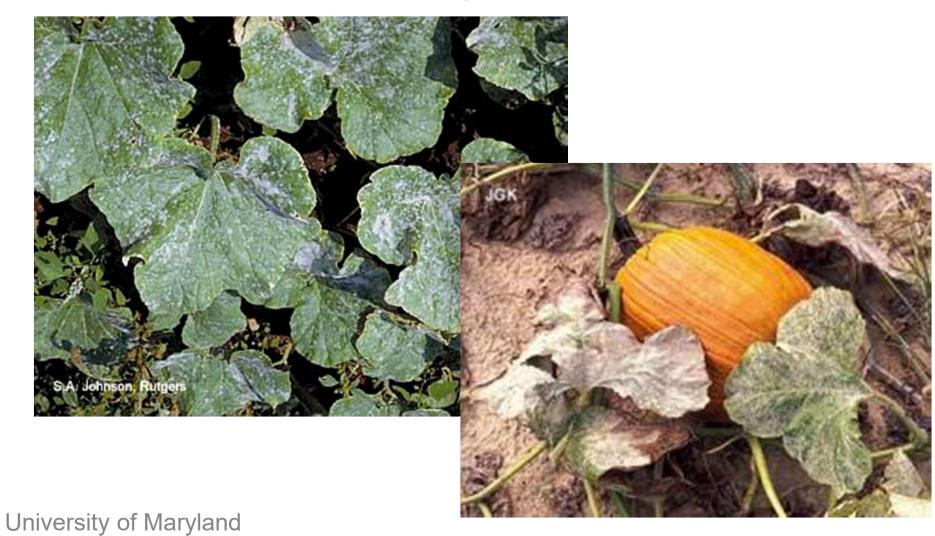
Bacterial blight







Powdery mildew





Late blight







Garlic rust



blogs.cornell.edu



Clubroot disease



extension.umn.edu



Imported cabbageworm





Striped cucumber beetles





Wireworm





Squash vine borer



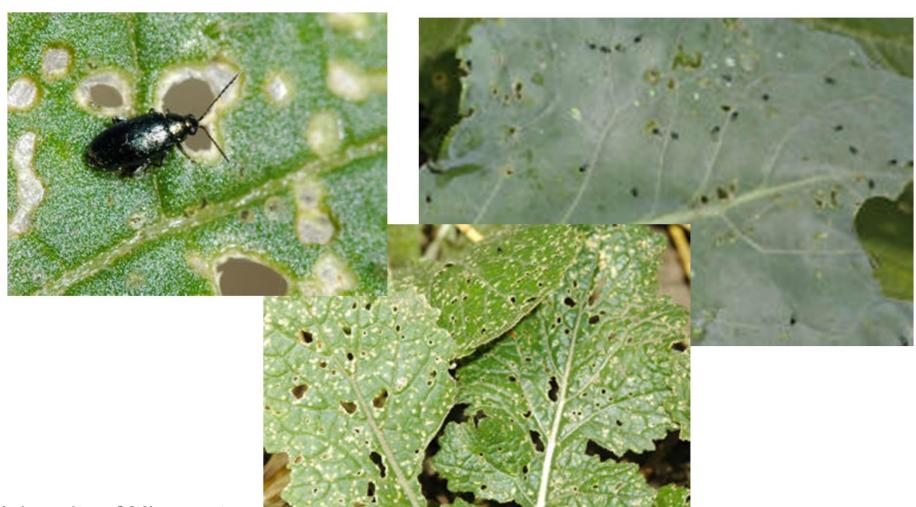


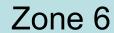
Colorado potato beetle



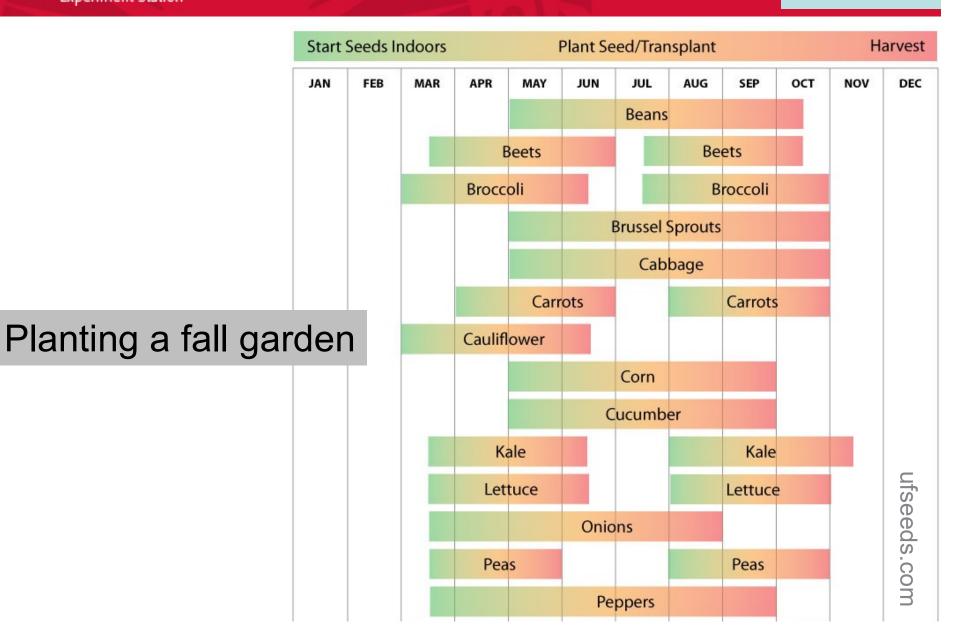


Flea beetles











Semi-hardy crops (tolerate light frost)

Beets

Carrots

Parsnips

Cauliflower

Lettuce

Chard

Peas

Endive

Parsley

Celery

Hardy crops (tolerate heavy frost)

Leeks

Rutabaga

Broccoli

Kohlrabi

Kale

Cabbage

Brussels sprouts

Arugula

Radish

Mustard Greens

Rutgers New Jersey Agricultural Experiment Station



Huge, exhibition pumpkins, some over 300 lbs. For largest fruit, leave only one per vine.



burpee.com

Burpee Garden Products Co. 300 Park Ave., Warminster, PA 18974 © 2011 All Rights Reserved



DEPTH: 1 in. PROFUNDIDAD: 2,5 cm



THIN: 2-3 per group SEMILLAS DELGADAS: 263 por grupo



HARVEST: 120 days COSECHA: 120 días

FOR PLANTING & CARE INSTRUCTIONS

videos and more, snap the colored code on the front with your smart phone after downloading the free app at http://gettag.mobi or enter the plant code on-line at lowes.com/plants Plant Code LB22382 or visit burpee.com/more/53837

SOW in average soil in full sun in spring after all danger of frost. Sow 4-6 seeds about 3" apart in hills 4-6' apart. Cover with 1" of fine soil; firm lightly and keep evenly moist. Seedlings emerge in 7-14 days. Thin seedlings to 2-3 per hill when they are 1-2" high.

SIEMBRE en suelo regular a pleno sol en primavera una vez pasado totalmente el peligro de heladas. Siembre de 4 a 6 semillas cada 7,6 cm en montículos ubicados a una distancia 1,2 a 1,8 m. Cubra con una capa de 2,5 cm de tierra fina, afirme ligeramente y mantenga una humedad pareja. Las plántulas emergen entre los 7 a 14 días. Cuando las plántulas tengan entre 2,5 a 5,1 cm de alto, sepárelas de modo que queden entre 2 a 3 por montículo.

0



- June/jun
- May-June / may-jun Apr-June / abr-jun
- Mar-May & July-Aug / mar-may y jul-ago

PACKED FOR 2012 SELL BY 11/12

ORIGIN USA

LOT 7

Days to maturity "fall factor"



johnnyseeds.com

Carrot 'Scarlet Nantes': 70 days to maturity

Fall factor: 7 days

70 + 7 = 77

October 25th - 77 days = August 9



Cold-tolerant crops that mature quickly

Arugula

Lettuce

Radishes

Spinach

Mustard Greens

Beets









Planting tips

- Soil hot for arugula, lettuce, and spinach: shade to cool and encourage germination
- Sow deeper than in spring (1/2" 1")
- Grow and use transplants
- Water diligently when establishing
- Protect from cold snaps



Season extension and frost protection



wimastergardener.org



Cold frames and low tunnels



Cold frames can be used for early spring, late fall, and winter growing

Row cover over metal or PVC hoops provide protected tunnel structure





Cloches for individual plants



content.ces.ncsu.edu



High tunnels



Kathleen Moore, NCSU/Creative Commons



Greenhouse



Robert Brook, NCSU/Creative Commons



Planting and growing garlic

Hardneck (scapes) vs. softneck (no scapes)

Plant 3-8 weeks before frost:

1-2" deep, 3-6" apart

Mulch with 3-4" grass clippings or straw





Fall harvest tips

Tomatoes

Pick green fruits before killing frost, store in cool conditions wrapped in newspaper

OR

Pull up entire plants, hang in garage or shed

Fruit will ripen in roomtemperature conditions



mynortherngarden.com



Potatoes

Harvest on dry day when vines start to die back (2 weeks after vines die if storing)

Dig tubers gently with spading fork

Store in newspaper or straw in cool, moist conditions for 6-8 months



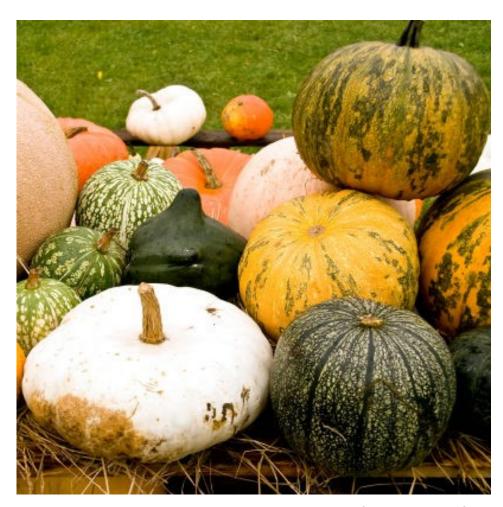
extension.umd.edu



Winter squash and pie pumpkins

Harvest before hard freeze when skin feels hard, stems and leaves dying back.

Many varieties should be cured in-field or indoors in warm, dry location for 10-14 days



extension.umn.edu





extension.unh.edu



Fall carrots and hardy leafy greens can be harvested into the cold season



Fall soil care

- Get a soil test!
- Keep it covered!
- Consider planting fall cover crops
- Minimize soil disturbance when wet



nanac.cc

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Soil testing

Results and Interpretations

pH: 6.63 Very slightly acidic; upper range of optimum pH for many plants.

Primary Crop

4 5 6 7 8

Secondary Crop

Lime Requirement Index: 7.

The Lime Requirement Index (LRI) is a measure of the buffering capacity of the soil, its resistance to pH change, and is used to determine the appropriate amount of limestone, when necessary. LRI value near 8.0 indicates low buffering capacity of soil and a lower rate of limestone amendment compared to soil with high buffering capacity (LRI near 7.0).

Macronutrients (pounds per acre)

Phosphorus: 222 (Above Optimum)
Potassium: 463 (Above Optimum)
Magnesium: 957 (Above Optimum)
Calcium: 7375 (Above Optimum)

P K Mg
Ca Very Low Medium High Very High

by Mehlich 3 extraction

Micronutrients (parts per million)

 Zinc(Zn)
 Copper(Cu)
 Manganese(Mn)
 Boron(B)
 Iron(Fe)

 26.20 (Adequate)
 4.26 (Adequate)
 56.49 (High)
 3.85 (Adequate)
 179.80 (High)



Mulch bare soil

- Apply 3-6" of organic mulch to all bare beds and fall crops
- Easy, effective mulch materials:
 - Shredded leaves
 - Lawn clippings (pesticide-free)
 - Clean straw





Mulch fall crops!



gardenerspath.com



Establish fall cover crops

Grasses

Legumes

Roots





Grasses build organic matter and scavenge nutrients

fyi.extension.wisc.edu



Oats



Legumes build nitrogen





Field pea

Crimson clover



Roots reduce soil compaction



Prairie Farm Report

Tillage radish



Cover crop cocktails



Crimson clover, hairy vetch, field pea, winter rye

johnyseeds.com



Cover crop management

- Sow by September 15
- Seeding rate based on seed type and variety
- Incorporate plants at least 2 weeks before spring planting

Table 1. Recommended cover crops and green manures for the home vegetable garden.*

Cover Crop	Sowing Time	Seeding Rate Per 100 sq. ft. (10' x 10' Garden)	Does This Plant Fix Nitrogen?	Growth Rate	Primary Uses/ Comments
Buckwheat	Spring, Summer	2 lb	No	Fast	Is easily worked into the soil. Attracts pollinators and beneficial insects. Re-seeds prolifically. DO NOT allow to go to seed.
Clover (Sweet)	Spring, Summer	1/2 lb	Yes	Medium	Grows better in high pH soils than other clovers.
Oats	Late Summer, Early Fall	4 lb	No	Medium	Likes well drained soils. Dies over the winter. Makes a good choice in areas to be worked early the following spring.
Peas (Field)	Spring, Early Fall	5 lb	Yes	Fast	Can outcompete many weeds.
Radish (Oilseed)	Fall	1 lb	No	Fast	Is easily worked into the soil.
Rye (Winter)	Fall	4 lb	No	Fast	Easy to grow. Grows fast. Can be planted late in the season.



Start preparing new planting beds now

Sheet mulching

Remove perennial weeds from bed area

Loosen soil with spading fork

Base: 4-6 layers of wet newspaper or cardboard



Anne Donahue/OSU Extension



Start preparing new planting beds now

Sheet mulching

Top with manure or grass clippings

Alternating, 1-inch layers of carbon-rich and nitrogen-rich materials

Continue to layer until 18-36" pile is formed



Anne Donahue/OSU Extension



Start preparing new planting beds now

Sheet mulching

Always end with a carbon-rich layer

Cover with burlap for a neater look

Use black plastic tarp to cover if pile gets too wet



Anne Donahue/OSU Extension



Wendy Byar



Sterilize used pots, trays, and tools with bleach solution or alcohol before reusing (1 part bleach or alcohol to 9 parts water)







Resources

- Rutgers Cooperative Extension's Home, Lawn, and Garden homepage: https://njaes.rutgers.edu/home-lawn-garden/
- Rutgers Master Gardeners of Mercer County: https://mgofmc.org/
- Season Extenders and Growing Fall Vegetables, Penn State Extension
- Protect and Improve Your Soil with Cover Crops, University of Maryland Extension
- Growing Garlic in the Home Garden, Rutgers Cooperative Extension
- Saving Vegetable Seeds, University of Minnesota Extension



Upcoming programs

'Fall Gardening Skills with Rutgers Cooperative Extension'

Taught on Zoom by Margaret Pickoff for Princeton Adult School

October 13, 20, and 27 at 7:00pm

'The Pollinator Victory Garden: How To Win The War on Pollinator Decline'

Zoom presentation by Kim Eierman

October 14 at 7:00pm



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